

$$40. \sqrt{2x} + \sqrt{x+3} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \sqrt{2x} + \sqrt{x+3} = 0 \\ -\sqrt{2x} \quad -\sqrt{x+3} \\ \hline (\sqrt{2x})^2 = (\sqrt{x+3})^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x = x+3 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline x = 3 \end{array}$$

Ans: $x=3$

check: $\sqrt{2(3)} + \sqrt{3+3}$
 $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6} = ?$
 $2\sqrt{6} = 0$

$$22. (\sqrt{x})^2 = (x-6)^2$$

$$x = (x-6)(x-6)$$

$$x = x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x = x^2 - 12x + 36 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline 0 = x^2 - 13x + 36 \end{array}$$

$$0 = (x-4)(x-9)$$

$$x-4=0 \text{ or } x-9=0$$

$$x=4 \text{ or } x=9$$

Ans: $x=9$

$$38. (2\sqrt{10-3x})^3 = (3\sqrt{2-x})^3$$

$$8(10-3x) = 2-x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 80 - 24x = 2 - x \\ +24x \quad +24x \\ \hline 80 = 2 + 23x \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline 78 = 23x \\ \frac{78}{23} = \frac{23x}{23} \end{array}$$

Ans: $x = \frac{78}{23}$

$$24. (\sqrt{3x})^2 = (x-6)^2$$

$$3x = x^2 - 12x + 36$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x = x^2 - 12x + 36 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 0 = x^2 - 15x + 36 \end{array}$$

$$0 = (x-12)(x-3)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x \\ 3x \\ \hline -15x \end{array}$$

$$x-12=0 \text{ or } x-3=0$$

$$x=12 \text{ or } x=3$$

Ans: $x=12$

$$42. (\sqrt{3x+7})^2 = (x+3)^2$$

$$3x+7 = (x+3)(x+3)$$

$$3x+7 = x^2 + 6x + 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x+7 = x^2 + 6x + 9 \\ -3x \quad -7 \quad -3x \quad -9 \\ \hline 0 = x^2 + 3x + 2 \end{array}$$

$$(x+2)(x+1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+2=0 \quad x+1=0 \\ -2 \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

S. 6 Imaginary Numbers

Allow us to solve negative roots

$$\underline{i} = \sqrt{-1} \quad \underline{i^2} = -1 \quad i^3 = -\sqrt{-1} \quad i^4 = 1$$

Ex: Write the following using im. #'s

$$\sqrt{-5} = \sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{-1} = \sqrt{5} i$$

$$\sqrt{-49} = \sqrt{49} \cdot \sqrt{-1} = 7i$$

$$\sqrt{-\frac{4}{9}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} \cdot \sqrt{-1} = \frac{2}{3} i$$

Adding + subtracting im. #'s

$$\sqrt{-9} + \sqrt{-36}$$

$$3i + 6i$$

$$9i$$

$$6\sqrt{-28} - \sqrt{-63}$$

$$6 \cdot \sqrt{4} \sqrt{7} i - \sqrt{9} \sqrt{7} i$$

$$12\sqrt{7} i - 3\sqrt{7} i$$

$$9\sqrt{7} i$$

Multiplying Im. #'s

$$\sqrt{-15} \cdot \sqrt{-15} = \sqrt{225} = 15$$

$$\sqrt{15} i \cdot \sqrt{15} i$$

$$\sqrt{225} i^2$$

$$15 \cdot -1$$

$$-15$$

Complex Numbers

Numbers with real + imaginary terms.

$$\begin{array}{cc} a + bi \\ \text{real} & \text{imaginary} \end{array}$$

Ex: Add

$$(-7 + 8i) + (5 - 3i)$$

$$-2 + 5i$$

Ex: Subtract:

$$(8 - i) + (+6 + 3i)$$

$$14 - 4i$$

Ex: multiply

$$\sqrt{-4} (3 - 4i)$$

$$2i (3 - 4i)$$

$$6i - 8i^2$$

$$6i - 8(-1)$$

$$6i + 8$$

$$8 + 6i$$

HW: p. 354
2-60 even, skip 22-28