13. 


$3 A B C D$ is a itam rextiostens $P_{n} \cong$
Pavalleloyitam 3 . If a quad is a rect.


$$
\bar{D} \cdot \overline{E D}=\overline{E C}
$$

6. LEDCE $\angle \in L D$

$$
D E=\frac{1}{2} D B
$$

$$
D E=\frac{1}{2}^{2} A B
$$


4. diagsonels of $\square$ bisecteach olter
5. Subst. Prop. $\cong$
6. I-Coscles $\Delta+h_{m}$.

6-6 Kites d Trapezoids
Kiti: a quad with 2 pairs of $\cong$ sides.


6-6-1:if a quad is a kite, then its diagonals are 1
$6-6-2$ : if a quad. is a kite, the exactly / pair of op. $l^{\prime}$ ' are.


$m \angle D A B=54^{\circ}, m \angle C D F=52^{\circ}$
a) $m \angle B C D$
b) $m \angle A B C$
$76^{\circ}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
54+76+x+x=360 \\
x=115^{\circ}
\end{gathered}
$$

Trapezoids: quad with I pair of $\|$ sides.


Isosceles trapezoids.traperoids with $\cong 1$ gs


6-6-3: if a quad. is an iso. trap. then each pair of base $C$ 's are $\cong$.

I


6-6-4: if a trapezoid has 1 pair of $\cong$ base $i^{\prime}$, then the trapezoid is isosceles.


6-6-5: a trapezoid is isosceles iff its diagonals are $\cong$.

i $\overline{A D D}=\overline{A C}$, then ils isosceles


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { mLA }=80^{\circ} \\
& 100+100+2 x=360 \\
& x=80
\end{aligned}
$$



$$
\begin{aligned}
& P a^{2}+27 \\
& 2 a^{2}-54 \\
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { PQRS is iso. } \\
\text { Find } a . \\
-a^{2}+27=2 a^{2}-54 \\
-a^{2}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
27=a^{2}-54 \\
+54 \\
\sqrt{81}=\sqrt{a^{2}}
\end{array} \\
& a=9 \text { or }-9
\end{aligned}
$$

Midsegment of a trapezoid:
segment whose endpts. are the midpts. of the legs.


Trapezoid midsogmen theorem
the midsegment of a trapezoid is 11 to each base, and the length is $1 / 2$ the sum of the bases.


$$
X Y=\frac{1}{2}(B C+A D)
$$

H:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { p. } 432,2-36 \text { even } \\
& \text { odds ixtruat }
\end{aligned}
$$


$112^{\circ}$
26.


$$
\begin{gathered}
40 z+5+10 z=180 \\
50 z+5=-180 \\
\frac{50 z}{50}=\frac{175}{50} \\
z=3.5 \\
360-(63+35+145)=110^{0} \\
0-4+ \\
5-9 v \\
10 \uparrow-
\end{gathered}
$$

